

Emergency response to Anaphylactic reaction



- 1. If safe to do so, lay the person flat, do not allow the patient to stand or walk.
- 2. If breathing is difficult, allow the patient to sit
 - Be calm and reassuring.
 - Do not leave them alone.
 - Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to retrieve the autoinjector or a general use autoinjector, and the student's Individual ASCIA Action Plan and their Individual Management Plan from the first aid office.
 - If the student appears to be experiencing a first time reaction, continue with steps 2
 6.
- 3. Administer prescribed adrenaline autoinjector note the time given and retain used EpiPen to give ambulance paramedics.
- 4. Phone ambulance 000 (112 mobile).
- 5. If there is no improvement or severe symptoms progress, further adrenaline doses may be given every five minutes (if another autoinjector is available).
- 6. Phone family/emergency contact.

If in doubt, give autoinjector.

If the student has not been previously diagnosed with an allergy or at risk of anaphylaxis but appears to be having a severe allergic reaction, follow Steps 2–6 above.

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